

# Personal, Social and Emotional Development

### **PSED Intent:**

The personal, social, emotional and spiritual development of children is understood to be the motivation for all learning. Our intent is to communicate and teach inclusion through our investment in equity. MetaMe is an approach to our PSED offer, intended to empower children to make prosocial choices within an understanding of, and connection to, relationships and responsibilities. MetaMe is designed to support the subtle interplay between cognition and emotion, empowering children to own their own thinking, regulate their emotional responses and behave with conscious intent. We believe that a child's behaviour is a form of communication and that this behaviour should be understood and nurtured. Through co-regulation and the modelling of respect, we intend for children to learn empathy, compassion and tolerance. Our curriculum and the high quality interactions between staff and children is designed to promote high self-esteem, a secure sense of belonging and good mental health in all children.

### **PSED Implementation:**

A fusion of the pedagogical approaches Philosophy4Children and Metacognition, has led to the implementation of MetaMe and MetaPhE. These two metacognitive based approaches to individual emotional regulation and the construction of an inclusive social construct, enable children to critically evaluate personal and social behaviours. This connection between cognition and emotion is rooted in evidence. Implementation of an enquiry based curriculum celebrates diversity of thought, emotion and action, from a foundation of equity for all. Children are supported to retrieve learning, enabling teachers to assess whether long term memory has been altered. Behaviours display a fluency in development as children progress towards clear end points.

Through our focus on cognitive challenge and high aspirations for all, our enhancement opportunities are as follows: Love Heart Group (focus on belonging), Emotional regulation sessions, Social Singing, Drama, Aspiration Group, P4C group work - supporting different levels of attainment, and work on the 4Cs of learning

### MetaME Implementation:

MetaME is a planning approach built around nurturing the development of a child's sense of self, within an understanding of, and connection to, social relationships and responsibilities.

The following planning system is to be adopted during continuous provision and when engaged in enhancement groups.

If children encounter blockers within their progress, the metacognitive strategies will give the focus needed to enhance a child's understanding and awareness. During interventions, designed to support inclusion, belonging, behaviour and mental health, the following metacognitive strategies are to be explicitly applied.

# Personal, Social and Emotional Development: MetaMe

Progression Stages	EYFS Assessment	Transition GLD	Thinking Move	MetaMe A - I Implementation	Enhance.
Social Development – Building Relationships			Question	I'm going to ask you a question. How can I help	Enhancement Groups:
	Engage with others through gestures, gaze and talk.	Show an understanding of own feelings and those of others. Begin to regulate their behaviour.		what happened? Why do you think that happened?	Love Heart Group - Weekly session. Data led.
	Develop their sense of responsibility and membership of a community.	Set and work towards simple goals, waiting for what they want and exercising selfcontrol.		What could we do next time?  How do you feel?	(KW) P4C Group –
	Understand gradually how others might be feeling.	Set and work towards simple goals, waiting for what they want and exercising selfcontrol.		How does your friend feel?	twice weekly. Data led and Ferre Laevers informed. (AH & LH)

Remember rules without needing an adult to remind them	Give focused attention and follow instructions involving several ideas or actions.		Why did you do that? Thank you for answering my question.	
Become more outgoing with unfamiliar people, in the safe context of their setting.	Show an understanding of own feelings and those of others. Begin to regulate their behaviour.	Use	If you use your voice to explain, I will be able to help.  Can you use your	
Find solutions to conflicts and rivalries., and suggesting other ideas	Show an understanding of own feelings and those of others. Begin to regulate their behaviour.		pointing finger to show me where you are hurt?  You can use your happy smile to	
Play with one or more other children, extending and elaborating play ideas.	Show an understanding of own feelings and those of others. Begin to regulate their behaviour.		show your friend that you want to play  What could you use to solve the	
Notice and ask questions about differences, such as skin colour, types of hair,	Show an understanding of own feelings and those of others. Begin to		problem?  Let's use our  caring and our	

ı	gender, special needs and disabilities, and so on.  Personal Development – Mo	regulate their behaviour.		collaboration today.  Why is it important to use a kind voice
	Thrive as they develop self-assurance.	Confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge	Explain	Can you explain how you feel?  Can you explain why you did that?
	Grow in independence, rejecting help ("me do it"). Sometimes this leads to feelings of frustration and tantrums.	Confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge		It would help if you could explain why your friend is crying.  I would like you to
	Express preferences and decisions. They also try new things and start establishing their autonomy.	Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet and understanding the importance of healthy food choices.		explain what just happened?  Can you explain what the problem is?
	Find ways of managing transitions	Confident to try new activities and show		

	Select and use activities and resources, with help when needed.	independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly			
	Establish their sense of self.	Confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge	Size ?∫	Let's size how we feel now. Are we very sad, a little bit sad, very happy or a little bit happy?	
Emotional Development – Self Regulation			<b>,</b> —	What is a big feeling? What is a little feeling? Why?	
	Find ways to calm themselves, through being calmed and comforted	Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers		Which is your favourite? Let's size the next bit.	
	Feel strong enough to express a range of emotions	Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers		What is the most important thing? Great sizing.	

***	Begin to show 'effortful control'.	Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others			
	Talk about their feelings using words like 'happy', 'sad', and 'angry' or 'worried'.	Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs	Test	If you share your toy, what will happen? Test it to see if you're right.	
	Be increasingly able to talk about and manage their emotions.	Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others		If you help someone, how will	
	Safely explore emotions beyond their normal range through play and stories.	Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs		it make them feel? Let's test it. Let's test our	
	Develop appropriate ways of being assertive.	Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others		smiles? Do they work?  What will happen if now test it and see if you are right.	



### MetaPhE



### **Metacognitive Philosophical Skill Progression**

Development Matters: Non-statutory curriculum guidance for the early years foundation stage

Key features of effective practice:

Self-regulation and executive function

- Executive function includes the child's ability to:
  - hold information in mind
  - focus their attention
  - regulate their behaviour
  - plan what to do next.
- These abilities contribute to the child's growing ability to self-regulate:
  - focus their thinking
  - monitor what they are doing and adapt
  - regulate strong feelings
  - be patient for what they want
  - bounce back when things get difficult.

## P4C

As part of a fully embedded enquiry based curriculum in the early years, observation is an essential element of assessing impact. This tracking and assessment tool, is to be used to reflect on the progress and attainment of a sample group of children across an academic year. This will support with analysis of high impact teaching and depth of the received learning experience.

• Language development is central to self-regulation: children use language to guide their actions and plans.

Term 1	erm 1 onwards					
Caring	thinking in the EYFS. Working	g towards: Personal, Social and E	motional Development goals			
	Definition	Indicators	Behaviours of Engagement	Metacognitive Connections		
1	Cares about self within the enquiry	<ul><li>Independent</li><li>Motivated</li><li>Confident</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Actively engages in the session through gesture and/or talk</li> </ul>	Question Use		
2	Cares about peers within the enquiry	<ul><li>Interested</li><li>Joins in</li><li>Encourages others</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Takes turns and shows respect</li> </ul>	Explain		
3	Cares about the process of the enquiry	Aware of what happens in the session and why	Applies the 'rules' of the enquiry respectfully	Size Test		

Once children have accomplished a secure level of engagement within each of the three **Caring** elements, they will be working towards:

### **Self-Regulation:**

- Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly
- Give focused attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions

### **Managing Self:**

• Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly

### **Building Relationships:**

• Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others

Collab	Collaborative thinking in the EYFS. Working towards: Personal, Social and Emotional Development goals						
	Definition	Indicators	Behaviours of Engagement	Metacognitive Connections			
1	Sees self as part of the group	Open facial gestures and body language	<ul><li>Smiles/Laughs</li><li>Seeks to contribute</li></ul>	Question Use			
2	Understands that they are working as part of a team	Welcomes others through action and gesture	<ul> <li>Actively draws others in through smiling, looking, maintaining attention</li> </ul>	Explain			
3	Sees themselves and others as having equal value in the process	Engages with others through action and verbal communication	<ul> <li>Asks others about their opinions</li> <li>Offers own opinion, whilst listening to others</li> </ul>	Size Test			
	<u> </u>		Offers own opinion, whilst	Test			

Once children have accomplished a secure level of engagement within each of the three **Collaborative** elements, they will be working towards:

### **Self-Regulation:**

• Set and work towards simple goals, being able to wait for what they want and control their immediate impulses when appropriate

### **Managing Self:**

• Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge

### **Building Relationships:**

• Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs

	2 onwards	ing towards: Communication and	d Languago goals	
Crean	Definition	ing towards: Communication and Indicators	Behaviours of Engagement	Metacognitive connections
1	Imaginative	Abstract thinking	<ul><li>Shares with enthusiasm and openness</li><li>Draws on own imagination</li></ul>	Question Use
2	Connects ideas	<ul><li>Noticing similarities in views and observations</li><li>Focused attention</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Agreeing and disagreeing</li> <li>Vocalises thinking, demonstrating connections within own thinking and with others</li> </ul>	Explain
3	Connects the enquiry to life experience	Unique perspectives	<ul> <li>Sharing personal stories that link with the enquiry.</li> <li>Able to think from own perspective and justify thinking</li> </ul>	Size Test
Early Learning Goals	<ul><li>will be working towards:</li><li>Listening, Attention and Und</li><li>Listen attentively and res</li></ul>	erstanding:	ement within each of the three <b>Cre</b>	

• Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate

Critico	Critical thinking in the EYFS. Working towards: Communication and Language goals					
	Definition	Indicators	Behaviours of Engagement	Metacognitive Connections		
1	Big Thinking	<ul><li>Curious</li><li>Focused &amp; Interested</li><li>Concerned about finding answers</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Asks big questions and seeks knowledge</li> <li>Demonstrates excitement in learning through facial expression and gesture</li> </ul>	Question Use		
2	Analytical and open minded	<ul><li>Concentrates</li><li>Reflective</li></ul>	<ul><li>Notices differences</li><li>Highlights changes</li><li>Predicts outcomes</li></ul>	Explain		
3	Philosophical	<ul><li>Considers options</li><li>Willing to change mind</li><li>Challenges knowledge</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Disagrees with justification</li> <li>Seeks to understand in more depth</li> <li>Varies thinking based on evidence and seeks to know more</li> </ul>	Size Test		

# Early Learning Goals

Once children have accomplished a secure level of engagement within each of the three **Critical** elements, they will be working towards:

### Listening, Attention and Understanding:

- Hold conversation when engaged in back-and-forth exchanges with their teacher and peers
- Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding

### Speaking:

• Participate in small group, class and one-to-one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary

### Impact:

Our evidence based approach to the implementation of PSED, results in a current and innovative offer. The impact of MetaMe is that children learn to reflect on their own value and understand their place in the world. Children achieve consistently highly and their reflections on key concepts lead to the demonstration of curiosity, creativity and an ability to think critically. Enhancement opportunities and lesson sequences, connect new understandings to old, passes new knowledge to long term memory and prepares children for their next steps in learning.

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